

I. AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims shall replace all prior version, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims

1-37. (cancelled)

38. (previously presented): A method of effectively treating pain in humans, comprising orally administering to a human patient an oral dosage form consisting of (i) nabumetone or at least one pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; (ii) oxycodone or at least one pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; and (iii) at least one pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.

39-46. (cancelled)

47. (previously presented): The method of claim 38, wherein the ratio of oxycodone or at least one pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof to nabumetone or at least one pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof is from about 0.0001:1 to about 1:1.

48. (previously presented): The method of claim 38, wherein the oxycodone is present in the pharmaceutically acceptable salt form.

49. (previously presented): The method of claim 38, wherein the at least one pharmaceutically acceptable excipient is a sustained release carrier which provides a sustained release of the oxycodone or at least one pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

50. (withdrawn): The method of claim 38, wherein the at least one pharmaceutically acceptable excipient provides a sustained release of the nabumetone or at least one

pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; and oxycodone or at least one pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

51. (previously presented): The method of claim 38, wherein the nabumetone or at least one pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof is present in an amount from about 0.5 mg to about 1500 mg.

52. (previously presented): The method of any of claims 38, 47, 49, 50 or 51, wherein an amount of the oxycodone in the dosage form is from 2.5 mg to 800 mg.

53. (previously presented): A method of effectively treating pain in humans, comprising orally administering to a human patient an oral dosage form consisting of (i) nabumetone or at least one pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in an immediate release form; (ii) oxycodone or at least one pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in a sustained release form; and (iii) and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.

54. (previously presented): The method of claim 53, wherein the sustained release form consists essentially of the oxycodone in an amount of about 2.5 mg to 800 mg and a sustained release carrier in an amount such that said oral dosage form provides a therapeutic effect of the oxycodone for at least 12 hours or longer.

55. (previously presented): The method of claim 54, wherein said sustained release carrier is selected from the group consisting of an alkylcellulose; a hydroxyalkylcellulose; an acrylic polymer; a fatty acid; a fatty alcohol; a glyceryl ester of fatty acids; a mineral oil or wax; a vegetable oil or wax; a polyalkylene glycol; shellac; zein; and mixtures of any of the foregoing.

56. (previously presented): The method of claim 53, wherein said pain is cancer pain, post-surgical pain, low back and neck pain, dysmenorrhea, headache, toothache, pain from sprains and strains, myositis, neuralgia, synovitis, arthritis, degenerative joint

diseases, gout and ankylosing spondylitis, bursitis, burns, injuries, influenza or other viral infections, and common cold.

57. (withdrawn): The method of claim 53, wherein said dosage form comprises particles, wherein said particles have diameter from about 0.1 mm to about 2.5 mm.

58. (withdrawn): The method of claim 57, wherein said particles have diameter from about 0.5 mm to about 2 mm.

59. (previously presented): The method of claim 53, wherein the nabumetone is coated onto a tablet comprising the oxycodone in the sustained release form.

60. (previously presented): The method of claim 54, wherein said sustained release carrier being (i) a sustained release coating; or (ii) incorporated into a matrix with said oxycodone.

61. (previously presented): The method of claim 53, wherein said oral dosage form provides a therapeutic effect of said oxycodone for about 24 hours.

62. (previously presented): A method of effectively treating pain in humans, comprising orally administering to a human patient an oral dosage form consisting of (i) nabumetone and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; (ii) oxycodone and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; and (iii) at least one pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.

63. (previously presented): The method of claim 62, wherein the ratio of oxycodone and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof to nabumetone and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof is from about 0.0001:1 to about 1:1.

64. (previously presented): The method of claim 62, wherein the at least one pharmaceutically acceptable excipient is a sustained release carrier which provides a

sustained release of the oxycodone and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

65. (withdrawn): The method of claim 62, wherein the at least one pharmaceutically acceptable excipient provides a sustained release of the nabumetone and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.